

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A method comprising:
- 2 creating a guest translation data structure to be used by a guest operating
- 3 system for address translation operations;
- 4 creating an active translation data structure based on the guest translation data
- 5 structure; and
- 6 periodically modifying content of the active translation data structure to
- 7 conform to content of the guest translation data structure, the content of the active
- 8 translation data structure being used by a processor to cache address translations in a
- 9 translation-lookaside buffer (TLB).
- 1 2. The method of claim 1 further comprising emulating functionality of the TLB
- 2 in response to an address-translation operation performed by the guest operating
- 3 system.
- 1 3. The method of claim 1 further comprising:
- 2 receiving control over an event initiated by guest software; and
- 3 evaluating the event to identify a cause of the event.
- 1 4. The method of claim 3 further comprising determining that the event is caused
- 2 by an inconsistency between the content of the active translation data structure and
- 3 the content of the guest translation data structure.

1 5. The method of claim 4 further comprising modifying one or more entries in
2 the active translation data structure that are associated with the event and do not
3 match corresponding entries in the guest translation data structure.

1 6. The method of claim 4 further comprising;
2 comparing the content of the active translation data structure with the content
3 of the guest translation data structure; and
4 modifying all entries in the active translation data structure that do not match
5 corresponding entries in the guest translation data structure.

1 7. The method of claim 3 further comprising:
2 determining that the event is associated with a page fault that would occur
3 under normal operation of the guest software; and
4 passing control over the event to the guest software.

1 8. The method of claim 3 further comprising:
2 determining that the event indicates an attempt of the guest software to
3 manipulate the TLB; and
4 modifying the content of the active translation data structure.

1 9. The method of claim 3 further comprising:
2 determining that the event is associated with a page fault that would not occur
3 under normal operation of the guest software; and
4 modifying the content of the active translation data structure.

1 10. The method of claim 1 further comprising initializing the active translation
2 data structure by invalidating every entry in the active translation data structure to
3 emulate the TLB with no entries.

1 11. The method of claim 1 further comprising maintaining the active translation
2 data structure for each virtual machine running on a computer.

1 12. The method of claim 1 further comprising maintaining the active translation
2 data structure for each set of privilege levels that can be distinguished by page-based
3 protection.

1 13. The method of claim 3 further comprising:
2 determining that the event is caused by an attempt of the guest software to
3 change a privilege level; and
4 determining whether the changed privilege level may affect page-based
5 protection.

1 14. An apparatus comprising:
2 a guest translation data structure to translate virtual memory addresses into
3 physical memory addresses, the guest translation data structure being managed by a
4 guest operating system;
5 an active translation data structure to contain data derived from content of the
6 guest translation data structure, the active translation data structure being managed by
7 a virtual machine monitor (VMM); and

8 a translation-lookaside buffer (TLB) to store address translations derived from
9 the active translation data structure, the TLB being managed by a processor.

1 15. The apparatus of claim 14 further comprising the VMM to periodically modify
2 content of the active translation data structure to conform to content of the guest
3 translation data structure and to emulate functionality of the TLB in response to an
4 address translation operation performed by the guest operating system.

1 16. The apparatus of claim 15 wherein the VMM is to receive control over an
2 event initiated by guest software and to evaluate the event to identify a cause of the
3 event.

1 17. The apparatus of claim 16 wherein the VMM is to further determine that the
2 event is caused by an inconsistency between the content of the active translation data
3 structure and the content of the guest translation data structure.

1 18. The apparatus of claim 17 wherein the VMM is to further modify one or more
2 entries in the active translation data structure that are associated with the event and do
3 not match corresponding entries in the guest translation data structure.

1 19. The apparatus of claim 17 wherein the VMM is to further compare the content
2 of the active translation data structure with the content of the guest translation data
3 structure and to modify all entries in the active translation data structure that do not
4 match corresponding entries in the guest translation data structure.

1 20. The apparatus of claim 16 wherein the event indicates an attempt of the guest
2 software to manipulate the TLB.

1 21. The apparatus of claim 16 wherein the event is associated with a page fault
2 generated by a processor in response to an operation performed by the guest software.

1 22. The apparatus of claim 14 wherein the active translation data structure is
2 maintained for each virtual machine running on a computer.

1 23. The apparatus of claim 14 wherein the active translation data structure is
2 maintained for each set of privilege levels that can be distinguished by page-based
3 protection.

1 24. A system comprising:
2 a memory to store a guest translation data structure used by a guest operating
3 system for address translation operations and an active translation data structure
4 derived content from content of the guest translation data structure and managed by a
5 virtual machine monitor (VMM); and
6 a processor, coupled to the memory, to contain a translation-lookaside buffer
7 (TLB), to cache address translations derived from the content of the active translation
8 data structure in the TLB, and to manage the TLB.

1 25. The system of claim 24 wherein the processor is to transfer control over a
2 particular event initiated by guest software to the VMM.

1 26. The system of claim 24 wherein the memory is to store the active translation
2 data structure for each virtual machine.

1 27. The system of claim 24 wherein the memory is to store the active translation
2 data structure for each set of privilege levels that can be distinguished by page-based
3 protection.

1 28. A computer readable medium that provides instructions, which when executed
2 on a processor, cause said processor to perform operations comprising:

3 creating a guest translation data structure to be used by a guest operating
4 system for address translation operations;

5 creating an active translation data structure based on the guest translation data
6 structure; and

7 periodically modifying content of the active translation data structure to
8 conform to content of the guest translation data structure, the content of the active
9 translation data structure being used by a processor to cache address translations in a
10 translation-lookaside buffer (TLB).

1 29. The computer readable medium of claim 28 comprising further instructions
2 causing the processor to perform operations comprising:

3 receiving control over an event initiated by guest software;

4 determining that the event is caused by an inconsistency between the content
5 of the active translation data structure and the content of the guest translation data
6 structure; and

7 modifying one or more entries in the active translation data structure that are
8 associated with the event and do not match corresponding entries in the guest
9 translation data structure.

1 30. The computer readable medium of claim 28 comprising further instructions
2 causing the processor to perform operations comprising:
3 receiving control over an event initiated by guest software;
4 determining that the event is caused by an inconsistency between the content
5 of the active translation data structure and the content of the guest translation data
6 structure; comparing the content of the active translation data structure with the
7 content of the guest translation data structure; and
8 modifying all entries in the active translation data structure that do not match
9 corresponding entries in the guest translation data structure.